Document No. : INS-RA_E-EN (Rev. 00) Revision date : October 16, 2017



ichromoc™ Rota/Adeno

INTENDED USE

ichroma™ Rota/Adeno is a fluorescence Immunoassay (FIA) for the qualitative determination of both rotavirus and adenovirus in https://docs.lt. is useful as an aid in management and monitoring of viral gastroenteritis.

For in vitro diagnostic use only.

INTRODUCTION

The major symptoms of viral enteritis are diarrhea and vomiting. Viral enteritis is infectious disease caused by many viruses such as Rotavirus, Adenovirus.

Rotaviruses (RVs) are the main etiologic agents of serious diarrheal disease in infants and young children under while 2 years of age throughout the world. Group A RVs are the major cause of human infections. Outbreaks with a strict seasonal winter pattern occur in tropic climates. Infections are spread more evenly throughout the year. After a short incubation period of 24–48 h, the onset of illness is sudden, with watery diarrhea, vomiting, and rapid dehydration. Untreated RV infection is a major cause of infantile death in developing countries. ¹⁾

Adenoviruses may cause epidemics, endemics and sporadic infections in all geographical regions of the world. They do not show seasonal outbreak and can be seen throughout entire year. Adenovirus infection cause variety symptom in several region. Especially, the adenovirus type 40 and 41 cause acute gastroenteritis primarily in children like as Rotavirus. ²¹

Also, it is known that Rotavirus-Adenovirus co-infection rate is above 5% in gastroenteritis patients. Diagnosing of the viral disease is important in reducing unnecessary use of antibiotics. ^{2.3})

ichroma™ Rota/Adeno is an immunoassay for the detection of both Rotavirus and Adenovirus in human stool sample.

PRINCIPLE

The test uses a sandwich immunodetection method; Dried antibodies in the detection buffer tube, once diluted with the diluent, bind with antigens in the sample to form antigen-antibody complexes. These complexes then migrate through the nitrocellulose matrix and are captured by another sets of immobilized antibodies on the test line.

The more antigens in the sample, the more antigen-antibody complexes, which leads to stronger fluorescence signal. This signal then is interpreted by the reader to display 'rotavirus positive' and 'adenovirus positive'.

COMPONENTS

ichroma™ Rota/Adeno consists of 'Cartridges', 'Detection Buffers', 'Diluent', 'Sample collection tubes', 'Filter caps', 'Sample swabs', 'ID chip' and an 'Instruction for use'.

- The cartridge contains a test strip, the membrane which has rotavirus antibody at the test line and adenovirus antibody at the each test line, with chicken IgY at the control line.
- Each cartridge is individually sealed in an aluminum foil pouch containing a desiccant.
- 25 sealed cartridges are packed in a box which also contains an ID chip.
- The detection buffer contains rotavirus & adenovirus antibody fluorescence conjugate, anti-chicken IgV fluorescence conjugate, bovine serum albumin (BSA) as a stabilizer and sodium azide as a preservative in phosphate buffered saline (PBS).



- The dried detection buffer is pre-dispensed in a tube. 25 detection buffer tubes are packed in an aluminum foil pouch.
- The diluent contains a detergent and bovine serum albumin (BSA) as a stabilizer and sodium azide as a preservative in sodium borate buffer. The diluent is dispensed in a vial.

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

- For in vitro diagnostic use only.
- Carefully follow the instructions and procedures described in this 'Instruction for use'.
 - Use only fresh samples and avoid direct sunlight.
- Lot numbers of all the test components (cartridge, detection buffer, diluent and ID chip) should agree.
- Do not interchange test components between different lots or use test components after the expiration date, either of which might yield misleading of test result(s).
- Do not reuse. A detection buffer tube should be used for processing one sample only. So should a cartridge.
- The cartridge should remain sealed in its original pouch before use. Do not use the cartridge, if is damaged or already opened.
- Frozen sample should be thawed only once. For shipping, samples must be packed in accordance with applicable local requirement.
- Just before use, allow the cartridge, the detection buffer and reach the room temperature by leaving them in the room for approximately 30 minutes at the least.
- ichroma™ Rota/Adeno as well as the instrument for ichroma™ tests should be used away from vibration and/or magnetic field. During normal usage, it can be noted that instrument for ichroma™ tests may produce minor vibration.
- Used detection buffer tubes, pipette tips and cartridges should be handled carefully and discarded by an appropriate method in accordance with relevant local regulations.
- An exposure to larger quantities of sodium azide may cause certain health issues like convulsions, low blood pressure and heart rate, loss of consciousness, lung injury and respiratory failure
- ichroma™ Rota/Adeno should be used only in conjunction with the instrument for ichroma™ tests.

LIMITATION OF THE TEST SYSTEM

- The test may yield false positive result(s) due to the crossreactions and/or non-specific adhesion of certain sample components to the capture/detector antibodies.
- The test may yield false negative result. The non-responsiveness of the antigen to the antibodies is most common where the epitope is masked by some unknown components, so as not to be detected or captured by the antibodies. The instability or degradation of the antigen with time and/or temperature may cause the false negative as it makes antigen unrecognizable by the antibodies.
- Other factors may interfere with the test and cause erroneous results, such as technical/procedural errors, degradation of the test components/reagents or presence of interfering substances in the test samples.
 - Any clinical diagnosis based on the test result must be supported by a comprehensive judgment of the concerned physician including clinical symptoms and other relevant test results.

STORAGE AND STABILITY

- The cartridge is stable for 20 months (while sealed in an aluminum foil pouch) if stored at 4-30 °C.
- The detection buffer, the diluent and the sample collection tube are stable for 20 months if stored at 2-8 °C.
- After the cartridge pouch is opened, the test should be performed immediately.

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MATERIALS SUPPLIED



Components of ichroma™ Rota/Adeno

Box Contains:

| - | Cartridges | 25 |
|---|-------------------------|----|
| - | Detection buffers | 25 |
| - | Sample collection tubes | 25 |
| - | Filter caps | 25 |
| - | Sample swabs | 25 |
| - | Diluent vial | 1 |
| - | ID Chip | 1 |
| - | Instruction For Use | 1 |
| | | |

MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT SUPPLIED ON DEMAND

Following items can be purchased separately from ichroma™ Rota/Adeno

Please contact our sales division for more information.

- ichroma™ II REF FPRR021
- Boditech Rota/Adeno Control REF CFPO-164

SAMPLE COLLECTION AND PROCESSING

The sample type for ichroma™ Rota/Adeno is human feces.

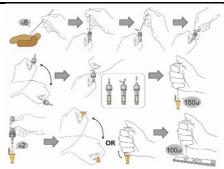
- Fecal samples must be taken as soon as the symptoms (diarrhea)
- Collect random samples of feces in a clean, dry container or a receptacle, making sure to exclude
- Loosen a cap on the upper part of a sample collection tubes and remove. Use with care not to spill or splatter solution from the tube.
- Collect random samples by using a sample swab with the proper method; insert the sample swab and put the stick into the fecal samples several times (5-6 times) at different sites to get a representative sampling.
- Fill up the groove of a sample swab with fecal samples and please check whether the quantity is too much or not.
- Insert the sample swab into the sample collection tube.
- Swirl the sample swab at least 10 times. And break the sample swab at the break point and remove top portion of swab.
- Assemble filter cap on the sample collection tube.
- Mixture may be stored for up to 3 days at 2-8 °C in a darkroom.

TEST SETUP

- Check the contents of ichroma™ Rota/Adeno: Sealed Cartridges, Detection Buffer Tubes, Diluent Vial, 'Sample collection tubes', 'Filter caps', 'Sample Swabs' and ID Chip.
- Ensure that the lot number of the cartridge matches that of the ID chip, the detection buffer as well as the diluent.
- Keep the sealed cartridge (if stored in refrigerator), the detection buffer tube and the diluent at room temperature for at least 30 minutes just prior to the test. Place the cartridge on a clean, dustfree and flat surface.
- Turn on the Instrument for ichroma™ tests
- Insert the ID Chip into the ID chip port of the Instrument for ichroma™ tests.
- Press the 'Select' button on the Instrument for ichroma™ tests. (Please refer to the 'Instrument for ichroma™ tests Operation Manual' for complete information and operating instructions.)



TEST PROCEDURE



- 1) Put a sample swab into the fecal sample about 5-6 times at different sites and try to avoid obtaining clumps of feces.
- Loosen a cap on the upper part of a sample collection tube and
- Insert the sample swah into the sample collection tube 31
- Swirl the sample swab at least 10 times. And break the sample swab at the break point and remove top portion of sample
- Assemble filter cap on the sample collection tube and the filter cap end.
- Break the break point of filter cap.
- Open the diluent vial and transfer 150 µL of diluent using a pipette to the detection buffer tube.
- Transfer only 2 drops (about 30 µL) of feces sample using a sample collection tube to the Detection buffer tube.
- Mix well by pipetting 10-20 times. (The sample mixture must be used immediately.
- 10) Pipette out 100 µL of a sample mixture and dispense it into the DB well on the cartridge.
- 11) Leave the sample-loaded cartridge at room temperature for 12
 - incubation time is over. If not, it will cause inexact test result.
- 12) To scan the sample-loaded cartridge, insert it into the cartridge holder of the instrument for ichroma™ tests. Ensure proper orientation of the cartridge before pushing it all the way inside the cartridge holder. An arrow has been marked on the cartridge especially for this purpose.
- 13) Tab the 'Start' icon on the screen.
- 14) Instrument for ichroma™ tests will start scanning the sampleloaded cartridge immediately.
- 15) Read the test result on the display screen of the instrument for ichroma™ tests.

INTERPRETATION OF TEST RESULT

- Instrument for ichroma™ tests calculates the test result automatically and displays "Positive / Negative / Indeterminate". Ancillary value is served in the form of a cut-off index (COI) value.
- Rotavirus line

| | notavii us iine | | | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|
| | Cut-off index (COI) | Result | Note | | |
| ≤ 0.9 > 0.9, < 1.0 | | Negative for Rotavirus | No need to additional test. | | |
| | | Indeterminate | Need to retest. | | |
| | ≥ 1.0 | Positive for Rotavirus | Need to confirmation test. | | |

| - Adenovirus line | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Cut-off index (COI) | Result | Note | | | | | |
| ≤ 0.9 | Negative for Adenovirus | No need to additional test. | | | | | |
| > 0.9, < 1.0 | Indeterminate | Need to retest. | | | | | |
| ≥ 1.0 | Positive for Adenovirus | Need to confirmation test. | | | | | |

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QUALITY CONTROL

- Quality control tests are a part of the good testing practice to confirm the expected results and validity of the assay and should be performed at regular intervals.
- The control tests should be performed immediately after opening a new test lot to ensure the test performance is not altered.
- Quality control tests should also be performed whenever there is any question concerning the validity of the test results.
- Control materials are not provided with ichroma™ Rota/Adeno. For more information regarding obtaining the control materials, contact Boditech Med Inc's Sales Division for assistance. (Please refer to the instruction for use of control material.)

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

Analytical Sensitivity

Two Rotaivurs genotyped samples (genotype 40,41) were tested with the ichroma™ Rota/Adeno. All of genotyped samples were shown positive.

Two Adenovirus type samples (40 & 41) were tested with the ichroma™ Rota/Adeno. The Enteric Adenovirus (40&41) samples were shown positive.

| | c snown po | | | | | | |
|----------|--|----------|--------------------|----------|----------|----------------------|--|
| | Commercial Rotavirus ELISA Dilution factor Result | | Data / Adama | | | nercial rus ELISA | ichroma™ Rota/Adeno - Adeno line |
| | | | Dilution factor | Result | Result | | |
| Original | Positive | Positive | Original | Positive | Positive | | |
| 1/2 | Positive | Positive | 1/2 | Positive | Positive | | |
| 1/8 | Positive | Positive | 1/8 | Positive | Positive | | |
| 1/16 | Positive | Positive | 1/16 | Positive | Positive | | |
| 1/32 | Positive | Positive | 1/32 | Positive | Positive | | |
| 1/64 | Negative | Positive | 1/64 | Positive | Positive | | |
| 1/128 | Negative | Negative | 1/128 | Negative | Positive | | |
| 1/256 | Negative | Negative | 1/256 | Negative | Positive | | |
| 1/512 | Negative | Negative | 1/512 | Negative | Positive | | |
| 1/1024 | Negative | Negative | 1/1024 | Negative | Positive | | |
| Negative | Negative | Negative | Negative | Negative | Negative | | |

Analytical Specificity

- Cross-reactivity

There was no false positive result from 9 species virus samples and 24 species bacteria samples containing potentially cross-reactive substances with the ichroma™ Rota/Adeno test. The overall specificity was 100 %.

| | | Virus | | | | |
|-----|--------------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|
| #1 | Norovirus VLP (GI) | #6 | Coxsackie virus B type 5 | | | |
| #2 | Norovirus VLP (GII) | #7 | Coxsackie virus B type 6 | | | |
| #3 | Enterovirus type 71 | #8 | Herpes simplex virus type 1 | | | |
| #4 | Cytomegalovirus | #9 | herpes simplex virus type2 | | | |
| #5 | Poliovirus type 1 | | | | | |
| | | Bacteria | | | | |
| #1 | Staphylococcus aureus (| ATCC 2921 | 3) | | | |
| #2 | Enterococcus faecalis (A | TCC 29212 | | | | |
| #3 | Escherichia coli (ATCC 25 | 5922) | | | | |
| #4 | Kleb-siella oxytoca (ATC | C 700432) | | | | |
| #5 | Pseudomonas aeruginosa (ATCC 27853) | | | | | |
| #6 | Neisseria gonorrheae (ATCC 27853) | | | | | |
| #7 | #7 Aeromonas hydrophila (KCCM 32586) | | | | | |
| #8 | Enterobacter cloacae (K | CCM 32586 | i) | | | |
| #9 | Vibrio parahaemolyticus | (KCCM119 | 965) | | | |
| #10 | Salmonella group B (Clir | ical isolate | from patient) | | | |
| #11 | Salmonella group C (Clin | ical isolate | from patient) | | | |
| #12 | Salmonella group D (Clir | nical isolate | from patient) | | | |
| #13 | Salmonella group E(Clini | ical isolate | from patient) | | | |
| #14 | Shigella group D (Clinica | l isolate fro | om patient) | | | |
| #15 | Staphylococcus epiderm | idis (Clinic | al isolate from patient) | | | |
| #16 | Serratia marcescens (Cli | nical isolate | e from patient) | | | |
| #17 | Yersinia enterocolitica (C | Clinical isola | ate from patient) | | | |



| #18 | Salmonella typhi (Clinical isolate from patient) |
|-----|---|
| #19 | Clostridium difficile (Clinical isolate from patient) |
| #20 | Candida albicans (Clinical isolate from patient) |
| #21 | Candida parapsilosis (Clinical isolate from patient) |
| #22 | Campylobacter spp |
| #23 | Proteus vulgaris |
| #24 | Proteus mirabilis |
| | |

- Interference

There, in test samples, are biomolecules and chemical drugs were added to the test samples at concentrations much higher than their normal physiological levels in human feces.

ichroma™ Rota/Adeno test results did not show any significant interference with these biomolecules and chemical drugs.

| Biomolecule | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------|------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|
| #1 Bilirubin #4 Cholesterol | | | | | | | |
| #2 | Hemoglobin | #5 | BSA | | | | |
| #3 | Triglycerides | | | | | | |
| | Cher | mical drug | | | | | |
| #1 cephradine #2 cefuroxime axetil | | #9 | metronidazole | | | | |
| | | #10 | ibuprofen | | | | |
| #3 | Cefpodoxime proxetil | #11 | acetaminophen | | | | |
| #4 | cefixime | #12 | barium sulfate | | | | |
| #5 | tetracycline hcl | #13 | DMSO | | | | |
| #6 | levofloxacin | #14 | DMF | | | | |
| #7 | amoxicillin | #15 | DDW | | | | |
| #8 | loperamide oxide | #16 | PBS | | | | |

Precision

- Between Lot

One person tested three different lots of ichroma™ Rota/Adeno, ten times at each concentration of the control standard.

Between person

Three different persons tested one lot of ichroma™ Rota/Adeno, five times at each concentration of the control standard.

- Between day

One person tested one lot of **ichroma™ Rota/Adeno** during three days, five times at each concentration of the control standard.

- Between site

One person tested one lot of $ichroma^m$ Rota/Adeno at three different sites, five times at each concentration of the control standard.

| | | Betwe | en lot | Between | person | Betwee | en day | Betwee | en site |
|------------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|
| Sami | ole | Positive/ | | Positive/ | | Positive/ | | Positive/ | |
| | | Number | Positive | Number | Positive | Number | Positive | Number | Positive |
| | | | | of test | | of test | | of test | |
| | Negative | 0/10 | 0 % | 0/5 | 0 % | 0/5 | 0 % | 0/5 | 0 % |
| Rotavirus | Low | 10/10 | 100 % | 5/5 | 100 % | 5/5 | 100 % | 5/5 | 100 % |
| Rotavirus | Mid | 10/10 | 100 % | 5/5 | 100 % | 5/5 | 100 % | 5/5 | 100 % |
| | High | 10/10 | 100 % | 5/5 | 100 % | 5/5 | 100 % | 5/5 | 100 % |
| | Negative | 0/10 | 0 % | 0/5 | 0 % | 0/5 | 0 % | 0/5 | 0 % |
| Adenovirus | Low | 10/10 | 100 % | 5/5 | 100 % | 5/5 | 100 % | 5/5 | 100 % |
| Auenovirus | Mid | 10/10 | 100 % | 5/5 | 100 % | 5/5 | 100 % | 5/5 | 100 % |
| | High | 10/10 | 100 % | 5/5 | 100 % | 5/5 | 100 % | 5/5 | 100 % |

Comparability with reference product

| Rotavirus - | | Reference Rotavirus assay | | | |
|-------------|-------------|----------------------------|----------|-------|--|
| KULAVI | ivoravii us | | Negative | Total | |
| | Positive | 56 | 0 | 56 | |
| ichroma™ | Negative | 1 | 0 | 1 | |
| Rota/Adeno | Total | 57 | 0 | 57 | |
| Adenov | irus | Reference Adenovirus assay | | | |
| Adenov | ii us | Positive | Negative | Total | |
| | Positive | 19 | 0 | 19 | |
| ichroma™ | Negative | 1 | 0 | 1 | |
| Rota/Adeno | Total | 20 | 0 | 20 | |
| | | | | | |

- Clinical sensitivity for Rotavirus: 98.2 %
- Clinical sensitivity for Adenovirus: 95 %

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|---------------|------------|---------------------------|----------|-------|--|
| Data | | Reference Rotavirus assay | | | |
| Rotav | irus | Positive | Negative | Total | |
| | Positive | 0 | 3 | 3 | |
| ichroma™ | Negative | 0 | 66 | 66 | |
| Rota/Adeno | Total | 0 | 69 | 69 | |

| Nota/Adeno | Total | 0 | 69 | 69 | | |
|------------|------------|----------------------------|----------|-------|--|--|
| Adapay | inus | Reference Adenovirus assay | | | | |
| Adenov | Adenovirus | | Negative | Total | | |
| | Positive | 0 | 2 | 2 | | |
| ichroma™ | Negative | 0 | 51 | 51 | | |
| Rota/Adeno | Total | 0 | 53 | 53 | | |
| | | | | | | |

- Clinical specificity for Rotavirus: 95.7 %
- Clinical specificity for Adenovirus: 96.2 %

REFERENCES

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- 2. Diarrheagenic pathogens in polymicrobial infections, Brianna Lindsay et al., Emerging infectious disease, 2011, 17:4 606-611
- Rotavirus and adenovirus frequency among patients with acute gastroenteritis and their relationship to clinical parameters: a retrospective study in Turkey, Asia Pacific Family Medicine, 2009, 8.81-8

Note: Please refer to the table below to identify various symbols.



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